

## **Emergency Medicine Society of South Africa**

## PRACTICE GUIDELINE EM010

**VERIFICATION OF ENDOTRACHEAL TUBE PLACEMENT** 

EMSSA recognises the important role that Endotracheal intubation plays in the care of a significant proportion of our patients, in either the pre- or in-hospital environment. However, verification of correct placement of endotracheal tubes varies amongst institutions and individuals. This practice guideline details the recommended steps to correctly verify the placement of an endotracheal tube.

Excluding the cover page, this Practice Guideline is **3** pages.

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Confirmation of endotracheal tube placement should be completed in **all** patients at the time of initial intubation.

During intubation, although direct visualization of the endotracheal tube passing through the vocal cords into the trachea should constitute firm evidence of correct tube placement, additional techniques must be used to confirm proper endotracheal tube position.

**Physical examination methods** are not reliable by themselves to confirm endotracheal tube placement, although they form an important part of the overall assessment.

**Pulse oximetry and chest radiography** are not reliable by themselves to confirm endotracheal tube placement, although they form an important part of the overall assessment.

**End-tidal carbon dioxide detection** is the most accurate means to evaluate endotracheal tube position in patients who have adequate tissue perfusion. For patients in cardiac arrest, or peri-arrest, end-tidal carbon dioxide determination may be less accurate. In these situations, other methods should be used.

Endotracheal tubes may become displaced due to patient or equipment movement. Continuous assessment continuous end-tidal carbon dioxide monitoring is ideal. Reconfirmation of endotracheal tube position should be undertaken immediately in all patients when their clinical status changes, or when there is concern regarding proper location of the endotracheal tube.

In preparation for transfer of intubated patients, the attached form should be completed to ensure adequate checking and documentation of the patient's status.

| ENSURE TH   | AT YOU HA <u>VE DOC</u> UN | <u>MENTED</u> ALL POINTS IN PATIE | ENSURE THAT YOU HAVE DOCUMENTED ALL POINTS IN PATIENT'S CASE NOTES |  |  |  |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| DATE:   |                            | TIME:                             |  |  |  |  |
|   |                            |                                   | ONLY <b>X</b> OR ?   |  |  |  |
|   | CONFIRMATIO                | ON OF ET TUBE PLACEMENT           |  |  |  |  |
| Physical measures   |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
| (ensure you have documented visualisation, 5 point auscultation, chest rise, tube size and length at lips) Continuous End Tidal CO2 monitoring          |                            |                                   | lips)  |  |  |  |
|   |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
| CXR   |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|   | DC                         | CUMENTATION                       |  |  |  |  |
| Encura you have documente   | d time of intubation & but | whom (namo)                       |  |  |  |  |
| Ensure you have documented <u>time</u> of intubation & by whom ( <u>name</u> )  Indication(s) for intubation (clinical parameters) & pre-intubation GCS |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
| Blood gas investigations results before and after intubation  |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
| Drugs (& times given) used for Rapid Sequence Induction / non-RSI induction   |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
| Whether simple or difficult intubation  |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
| Whether simple of difficult medication  |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|   | VENTILA                    | TOR REQUIREMENTS                  |  |  |  |  |
|   | T DIECE SHOULD             | NEVED DE LICED FOD TDANCFEDC      |  |  |  |  |
| T-PIECE SHOULD NEVER BE USED FOR TRANSFERS  Ensure you have documented ventilator settings (Mode/TV/RR/FiO2/Airway Pb/PEEP/IE Ratio)                    |                            |                                   | Ratio)   |  |  |  |
| Calculate $O_2$ requirements according to SOP   |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|   |                            | <u> </u>                          | <u> </u>   |  |  |  |
|   | TRAVELI                    | DRUG REQUIREMENTS                 |  |  |  |  |
|   | NEVER MIX MEDICATION       | ONS IN SAME INFUSION BAG / SYR    | INGE   |  |  |  |
| Ensure drugs given via infusion (concentration, rate and start time) & boluses (dose and time) are  |                            |                                   | me) are  |  |  |  |
| documented  Ensure you have adequate medications (including analgesia and sedation) (infusion and/or repeat boluse                                      |                            |                                   | r repeat boluses)  |  |  |  |
| to complete the journey safely, allowing for unexpected delays  |                            |                                   | - Tepeut soluses/  |  |  |  |
|   |                            | EN ROUTE                          |  |  |  |  |
|   |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
| Ensure you have documented departure observations and time  |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
| Continuous monitoring including at least ETCO2/O2 Sats/ECG/BP/FiO2/GCS  |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
| Interventions documented (including time)   |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|   |                            | AT RECEIVING HOSPITAL             |  |  |  |  |
| _   | ANNIVAL                    | AT ALCEIVING HOSPITAL             |  |  |  |  |
| Arrival observations, time & tube position confirmed & documented   |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |
| All case notes handed over to receiving staff   |                            |                                   |  |  |  |  |

EMSSA Practice Guidelines provide advice on recommended practice for emergency centres, emergency personnel and emergency care activities.